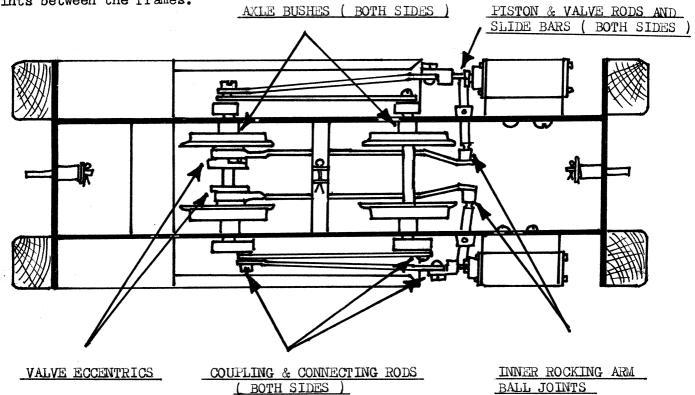
LADY ANNE & DYLAN

Operating Instructions

All locomotives are test run before leaving the workshop, but will require a certain amount of running in when new to overcome initial tightness. It is recomended that the model is run light to start with.

Regular lubrication of all working parts is important and should be carried out before each operating session. Particular attention should be paid to the eccentrics and ball joints between the frames.



On meths fired models, the first job is to remove the meths burner and fit the wicks. These are not fitted in our workshop, as running conditions vary and it is best left to the individual to set for his own requirements. To remove the burner, first remove the split pin which locates the feed tube to the underside of the centre frame spacer (underneath the loco) then unscrew the 6BA brass screw in the rear buffer beam just below the coupling hook. The burner will now drop out clear of the loco. Cut the asbestos string supplied into approx. 1" lengths and pack about eight lengths into each burner tube. The actual number of strands may vary depending on string thickness, the wicks should go in firmly but not too tight. Still with the burner out of the loco, fill the meths tank and light the four wicks. The size of the flames can easily be adjusted by either packing down (to reduce) or removing a strand (to increase) of the wicks to get a good flame. A pair of tweezers is ideal for doing the adjustments. Aim for evan burning flames of a 'tear drop' shape and not too large. The wicks should not be more than about 3/32" above the top of the tubes. When satisfied that all is burning well, the unit can be replaced in the loco. Time spent carefully setting the burner will ensure good performance from the model. Once set, the burner will not need removing again unless new wicks need fitting.

WARNING Asbestos can be hazardous to health if not used with care. When handling or cutting wicks it is recomended that they are dampened with meths to supress any dust.

To prepare the engine for operation, proceed as follows;-

Fill the displacement lubricator with thick steam oil by removing the knurled cap off the top. The lubricator is in the left hand cab doorway. Replace cap finger tight. After two or three runs it will need draining of water by means of the screw in the bottom before filling with oil.

Remove safety valve and fill boiler with approx 160ml of clean water. If a syringe is not used to measure, a water level plug is provided in the boiler backhead. This is accessed by removing the cab back (slide backwards of its clips) and removing with a screwdriver. Replace safety valve (and level plug) not forgetting the washer. Hot water from a kettle will reduce steam raising time.

On meths fired locos, fill meths tank through filler pipe in left hand cab doorway. An overflw pipe is provided on the base of the tank to prevent overfilling. Light the burners from underneath the engine.

Once full working pressure is reached (approx 40psi) open the regulator . Initially, there will be a certain amount of water (priming) in the cylinders and it may be necessary to move the model manualy to clear this.

On manual models the regulator is in the cab towards the right hand deorway and is opened

On radio control models, switch on the receiver (left hand doorway under cab roof) and the transmitter and open regulator with the left hand control lever, down for stop up for go. The right hand control lever is not used on this model. The regulator is a needle valve and will give precise control when the model is run in.

To conserve batteries, always switch off both units when not actually operating. We recomend the use of Alcaline batteries when replacing them. On the loco they are housed under the cab roof and are accessed by removing the cab back. On the transmitter they are housed under a clip off cover on the rear of the unit.

This model is fitted with slip-eccentric valve-gear, which is set by manually moving the engine in the desired direction for one revolution of the wheels. The regulator should always be shut before changing direction.

Refill fuel tanks as required during run.

When all the water in the boiler has been used up, pressure will drop very quickly (as indicated on the pressure gauge). When this happens, extinguish the fire by blowing sharply down the side of the boiler from above Do not leave a fire burning under an empty boiler for

any length of time or dammage may result.

At the end of an operating session, it is good practise to clean the locomotive with a soft cloth and lightly oil all bright metal parts to prevent rusting during periods of storage.

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